**Monmouth County Park System** 

## Wool Days/ Sheep Shearing

The Monmouth County
Park System and the
Monmouth County
Historical Association
are joining to present
a weekend of

Sheep Shearing, Herding and Wool Processing



Visitors will watch sheep being herded with border collies and being sheared by hand at the 1890s Historic Longstreet Farm. At the Holmes-Hendrickson House, visitors will discover how wool was processed into fabric during the late 1700s.



Historic Longstreet Farm will provide horse-drawn wagon rides to the Holmes-Hendrickson House from 12:30-2:45 p.m. The last wagon will leave the Holmes-Hendrickson House at 3 p.m. to return to Longstreet Farm.







Monmouth County Park System 805 Newman Springs Road Lincroft NJ 07738 732-842-4000 MonmouthCountyParks.com

Monmouth County Board of County Commissioners Board of Recreation Commissioners he sights, sounds and smells of rural Monmouth County in the 1890s have been recreated by the Monmouth County Park System at Historic Longstreet Farm, a living history farm located in Holmdel. Interpreters in period dress use the machinery, livestock and crops available to late-Victorian farmers to show daily and seasonal farm life.

The Holmes-Hendrickson House, operated by the Monmouth County Historical Association, illustrates the blending of Dutch and English traditions in colonial Monmouth County. In 1959, the Holmes-Hendrickson House was moved to its present location and restored by the Historical Association. Furnished according to documentary evidence, the Holmes-Hendrickson House creates a vivid picture of the late 1700s in Monmouth County.



Whether made at home or commercially, producing textiles required much labor and many steps to complete. Most women in the 1700s produced only plain fabrics at home, usually linen sheets and woolen blankets. More complicated fabrics were produced by professional weavers or were imports purchased from merchants. The 1801 estate inventory of Garret Hendrickson (Holmes-Hendrickson House) included numerous textiles, the tools and equipment to make those fabrics and the furniture in which to store them.



During the late 1700s, many homes still engaged in basic wool processing to provide income and materials for the household. The Industrial Revolution allowed textile mills to process and produce woolen goods faster and cheaper than in the home. This freed farm families to perform other jobs. By the late 1800s, people were purchasing woolen cloth and ready-made clothing from stores or from catalogs.

While most farmers in Monmouth County during the 1800s were not raising sheep, farmers in the Holmdel area did. The sheep at Historic Longstreet Farm are a breed known as Southdowns. In 1898, The Shepherd's Manual noted that the Southdown was chiefly favored for its mutton (meat). Farmers who raised sheep sheared them in the spring, after their wool coat had grown over the winter and before the onset of the warm summer weather. The Southdowns at Historic Longstreet Farm exhibit older characteristics of the breed. The Monmouth County Park System works with the American Livestock Conservancy and other historic sites to help preserve this older style of Southdown.



Historic Longstreet Farm Longstreet Road Holmdel, NJ 07733 732-946-3758



Holmes-Hendrickson House Longstreet Road Holmdel, NJ 07733

## **Monmouth County Historical Association**

70 Court Street Freehold, NJ 07728 732-462-1466 MonmouthHistory.org